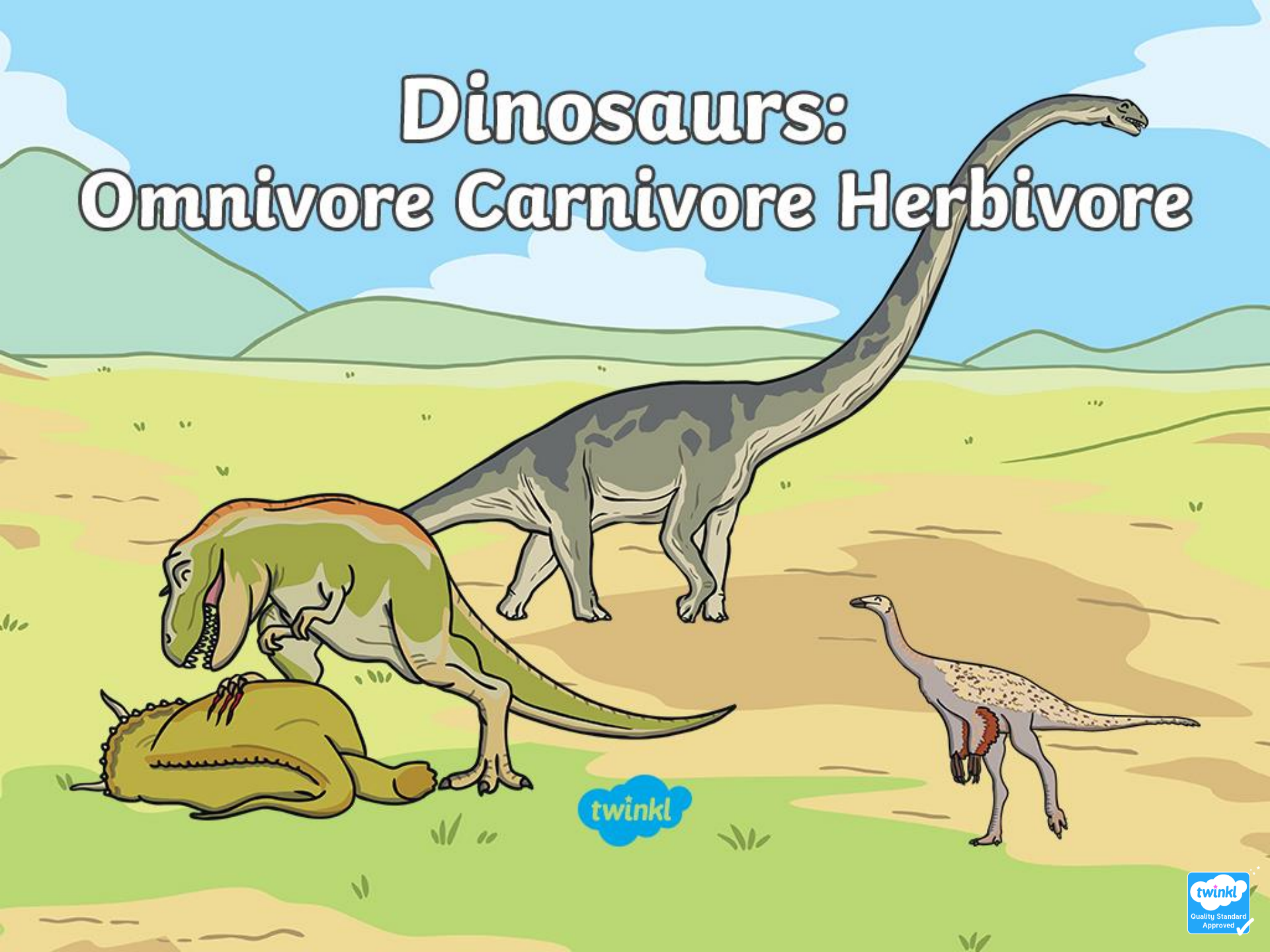
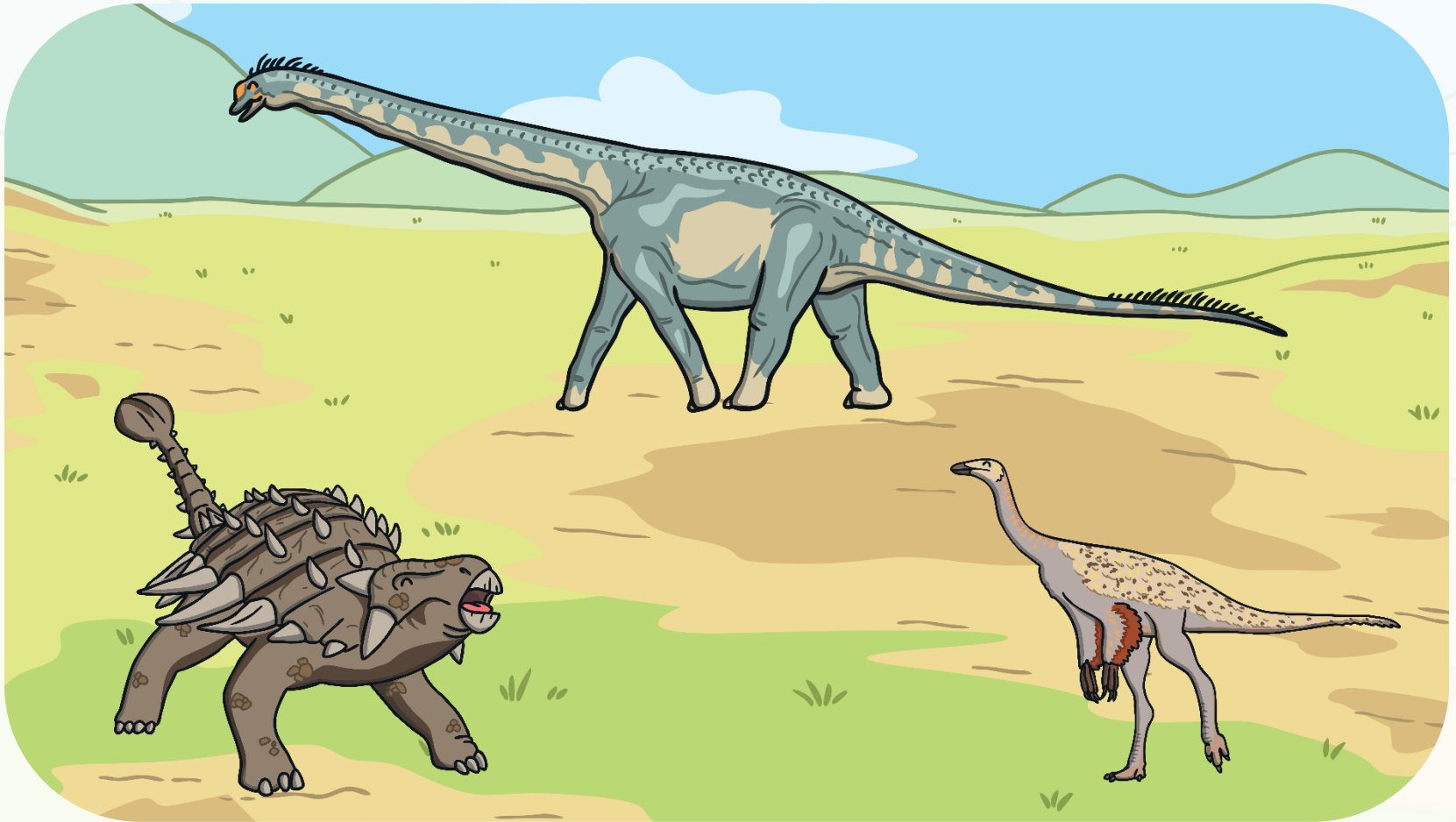


Dinosaurs:

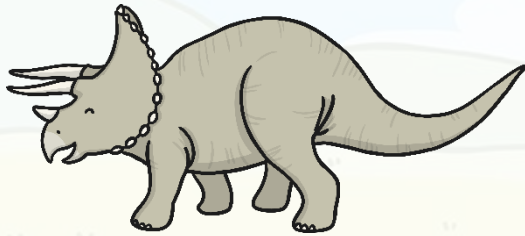
Omnivore Carnivore Herbivore



Dinosaurs lived millions of years ago,
before people.



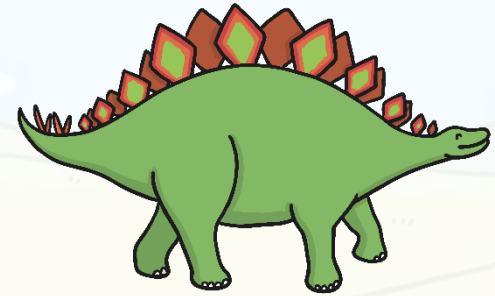
Most dinosaurs were herbivores or plant eaters.



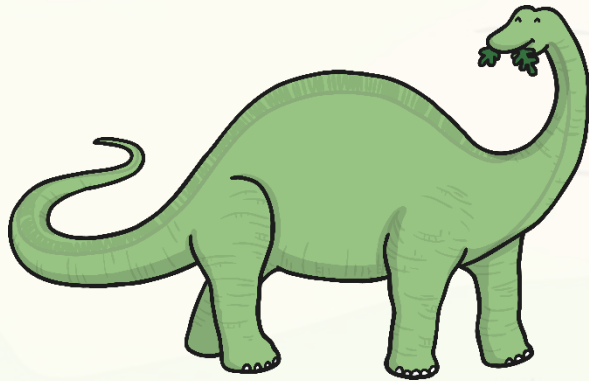
Triceratops



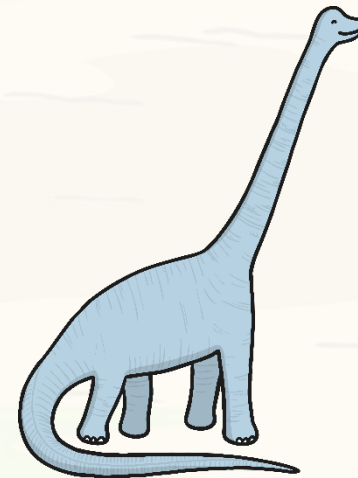
Iguanodon



Stegosaurus



Apatosaurus

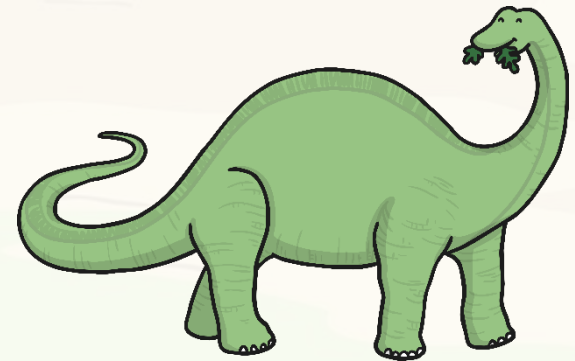


Brachiosaurus

Herbivores' teeth were often blunt and flat to help them crush and grind down plants.



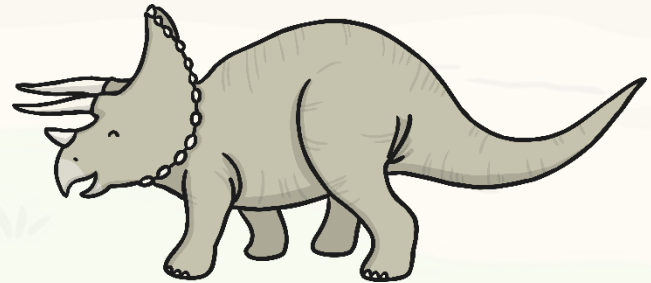
Apatosaurus had long, thin teeth to help them rake through grass.



Triceratops had teeth that helped them to chew up food.



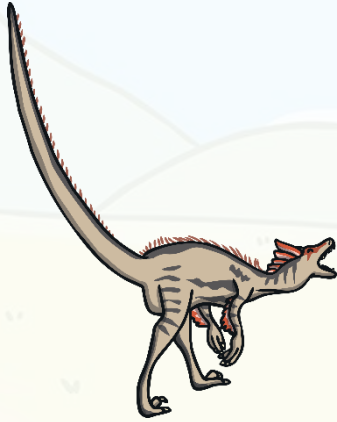
They might
have eaten
plants
like small
palm trees.



Diplodocus mostly ate leaves. They didn't have any teeth in the back of their mouth for chewing. Scientists think that they swallowed stones to help grind up their food.



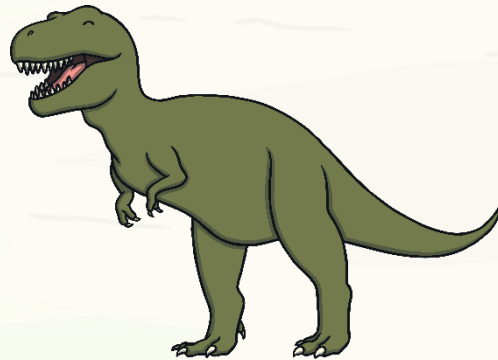
Some dinosaurs were carnivores or meat eaters.



Velociraptor

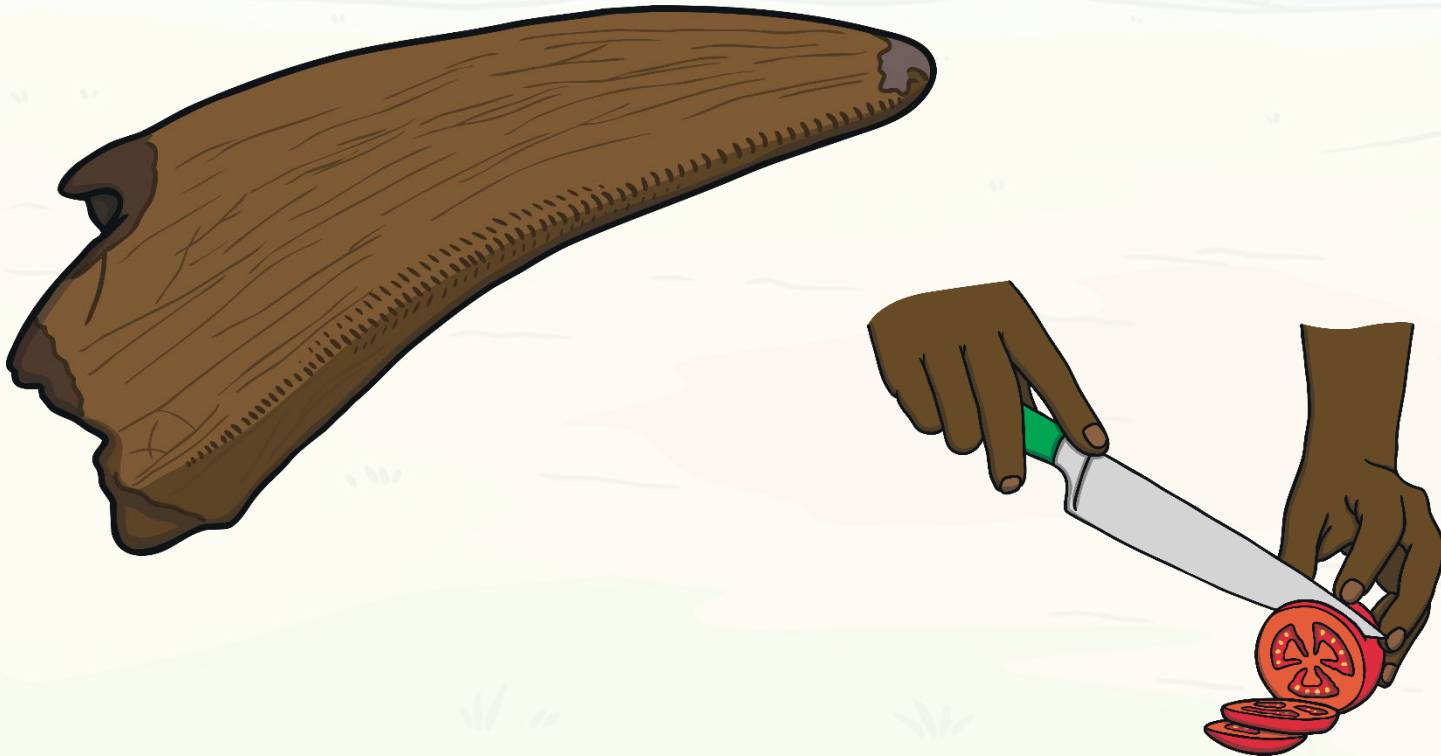


Giganotosaurus

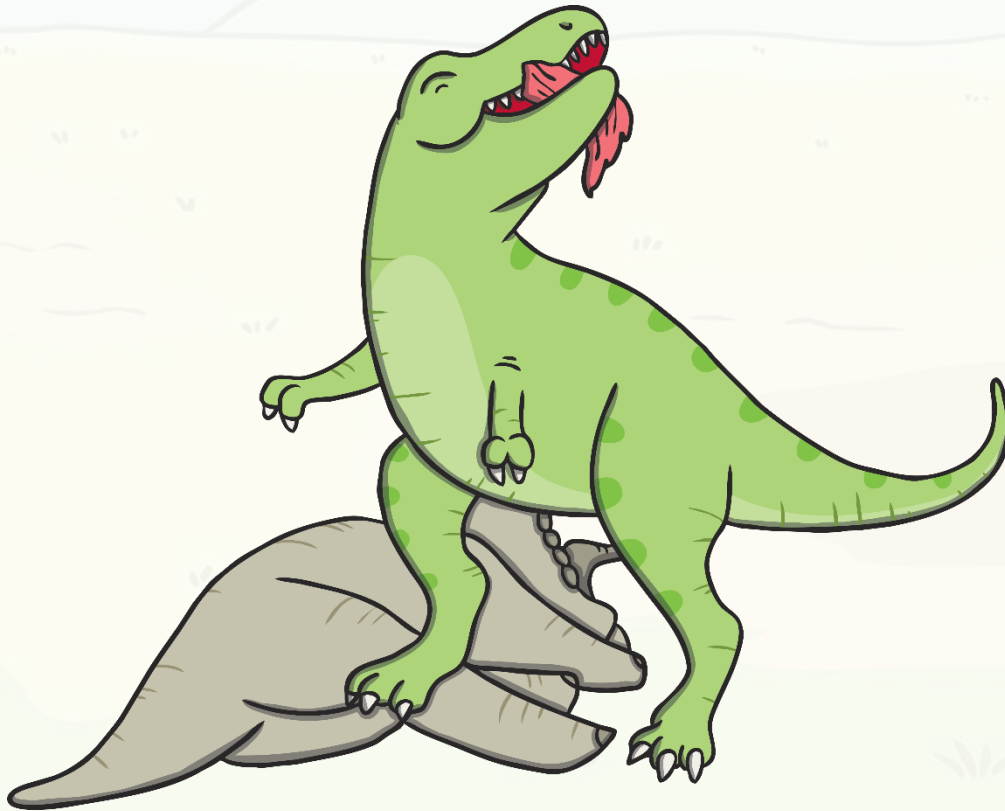


Tyrannosaurus Rex

Carnivores had teeth that were sharp like knives so that they could cut through meat.

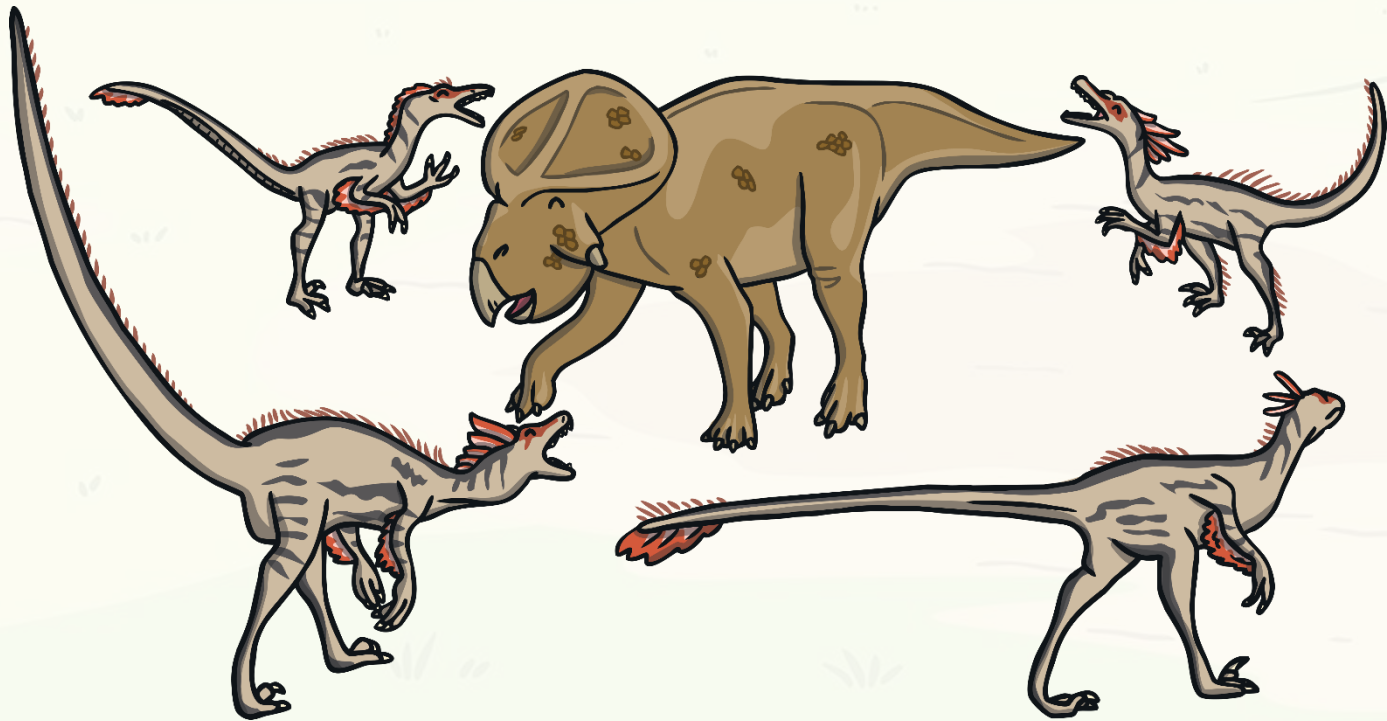


Land living carnivores had strong, long legs so that they could move quickly to catch their prey.

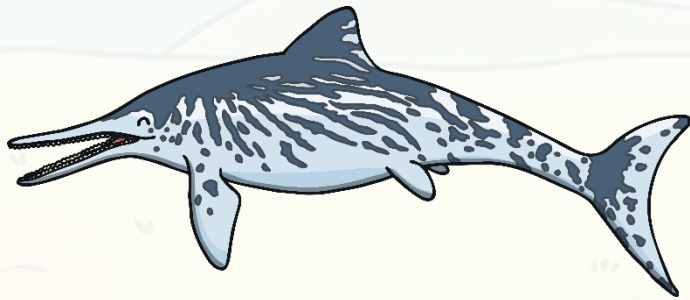


**Herbivores
were slower
as their food
gave them
less energy.**

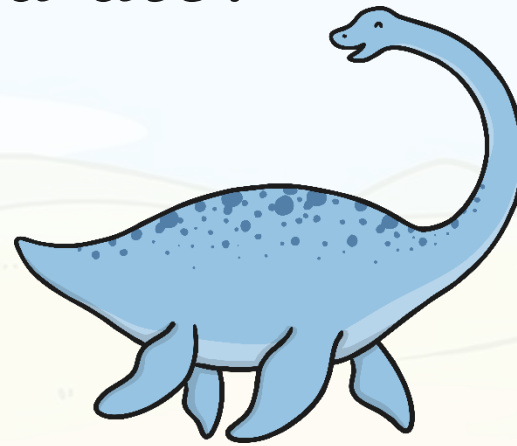
Smaller meat eaters, like these clever velociraptors, hunted in packs. Or ate the meat that other larger dinosaurs left behind.



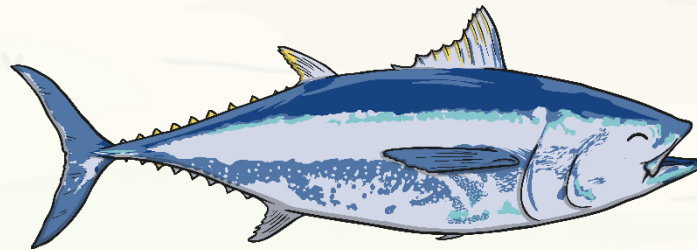
What do you think dinosaurs that lived in the sea ate?



Ichthyosaurus

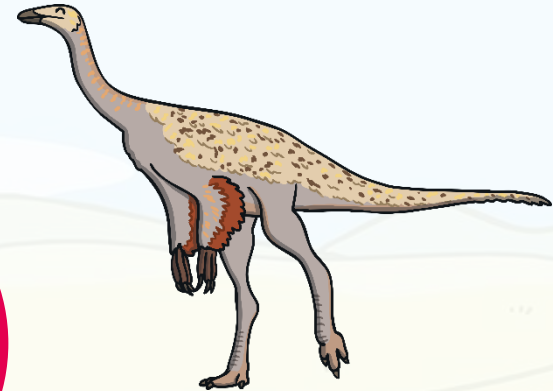
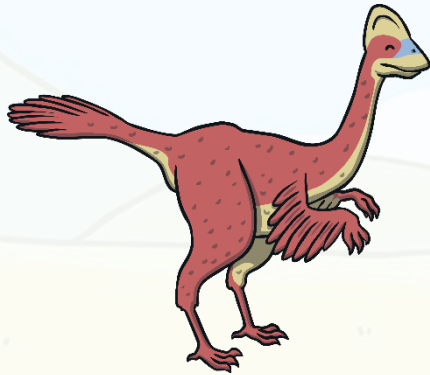


Plesiosaurus

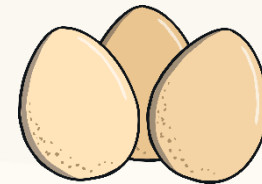


fish

Some dinosaurs were omnivores.



What do
you think
they ate?



**Omnivores often had a beak and no teeth for cracking
eggs and picking up plants.**

Can you sort these dinosaurs into
herbivores, carnivores and
omnivores?



